

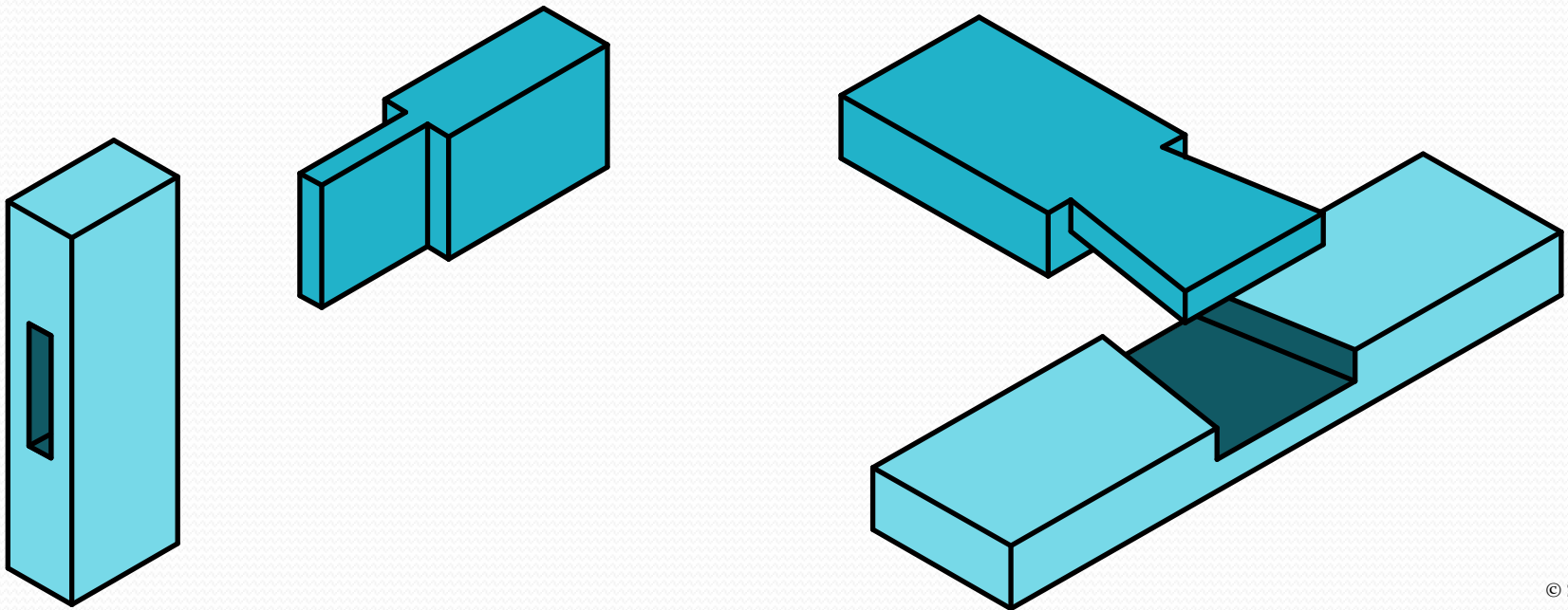
# Wood Joinery

# Learning Objectives

- To be able to identify the different joints.
- To be able to sketch the different joints.
- To identify appropriate uses for each joint.

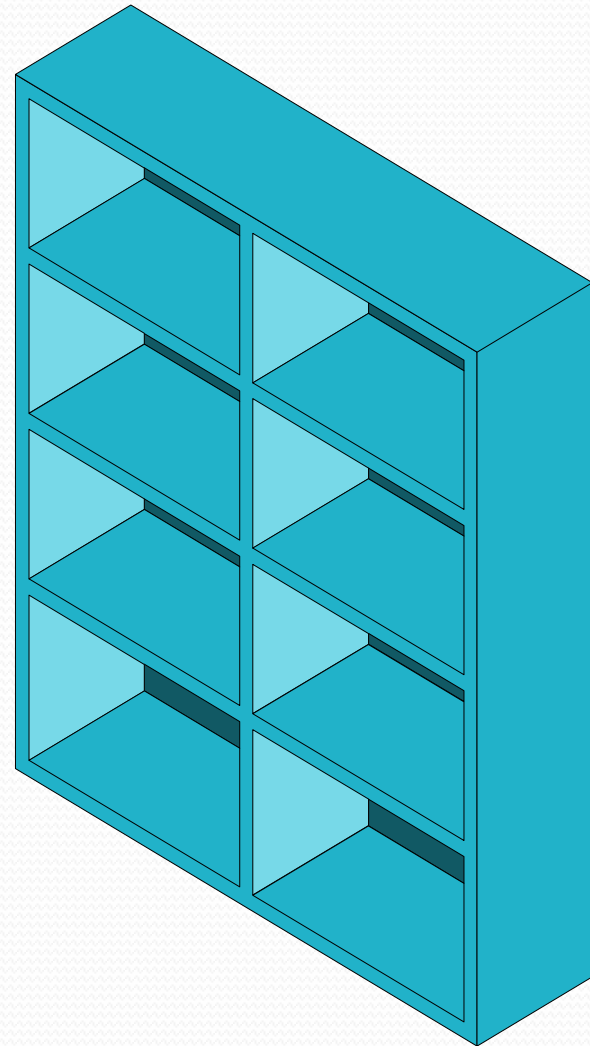
# Joints

- Joints are used to join two or more pieces of timber together.
- Joints can be strengthened using glue or nails.



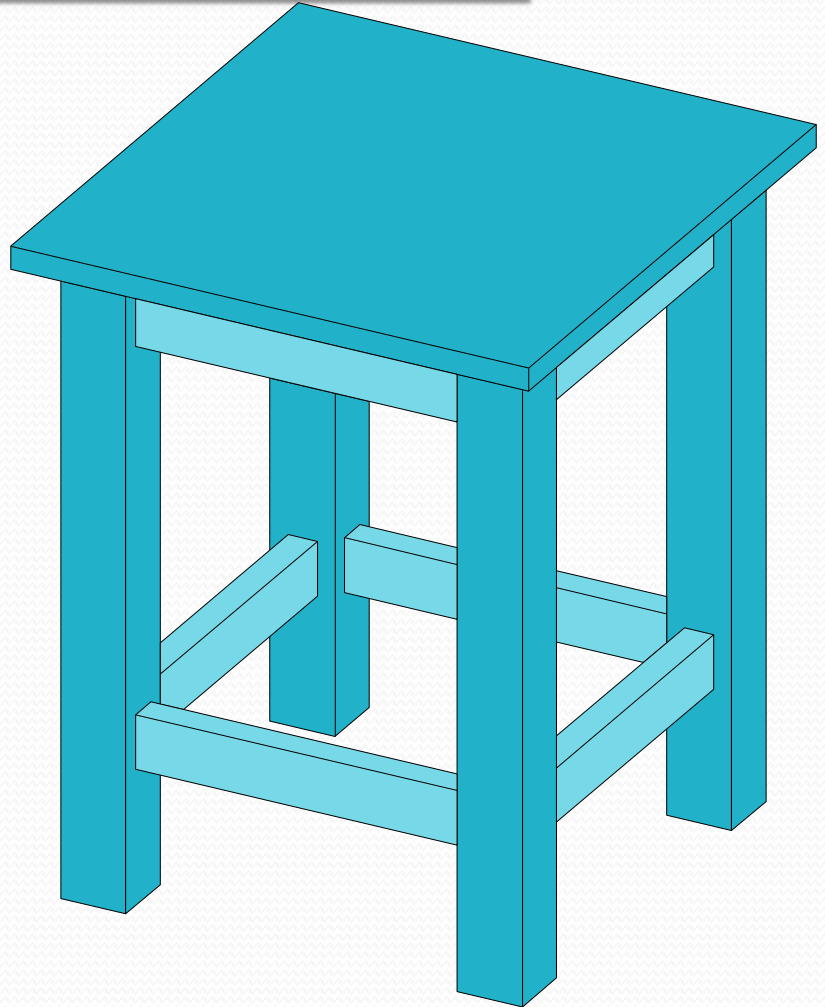
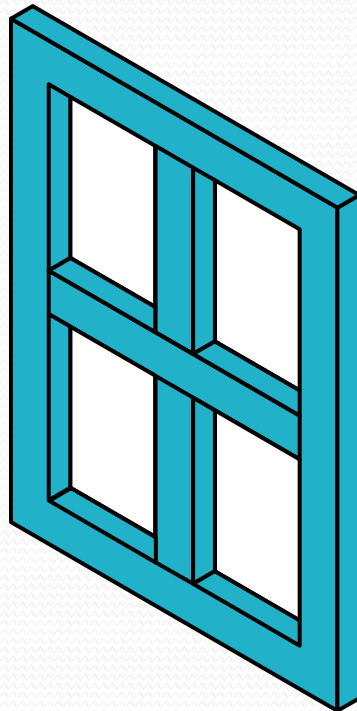
# Carcass construction

- Carcass construction is used to make box shaped artefacts



# Frame construction

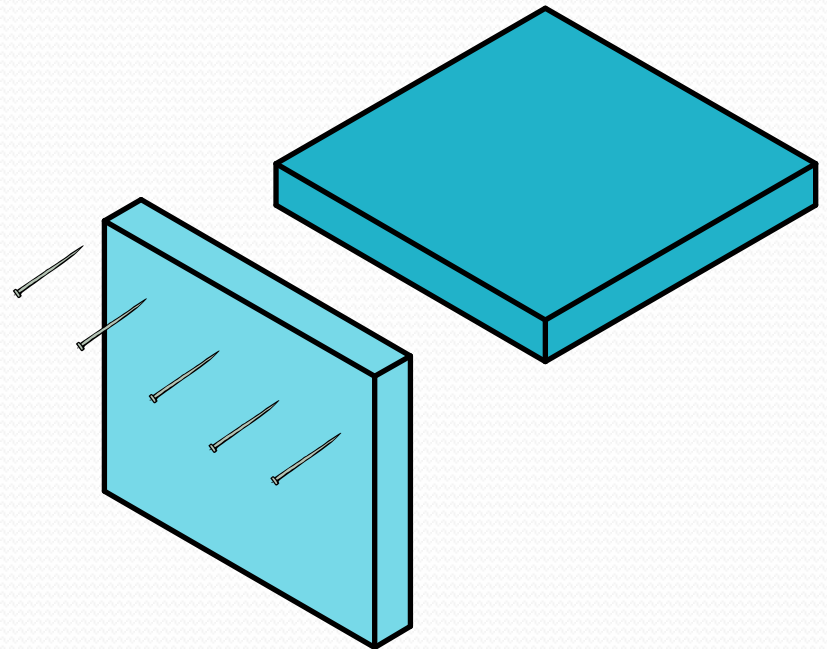
- Frame construction is used to make artefacts such as furniture and windows.



# Butt Joints

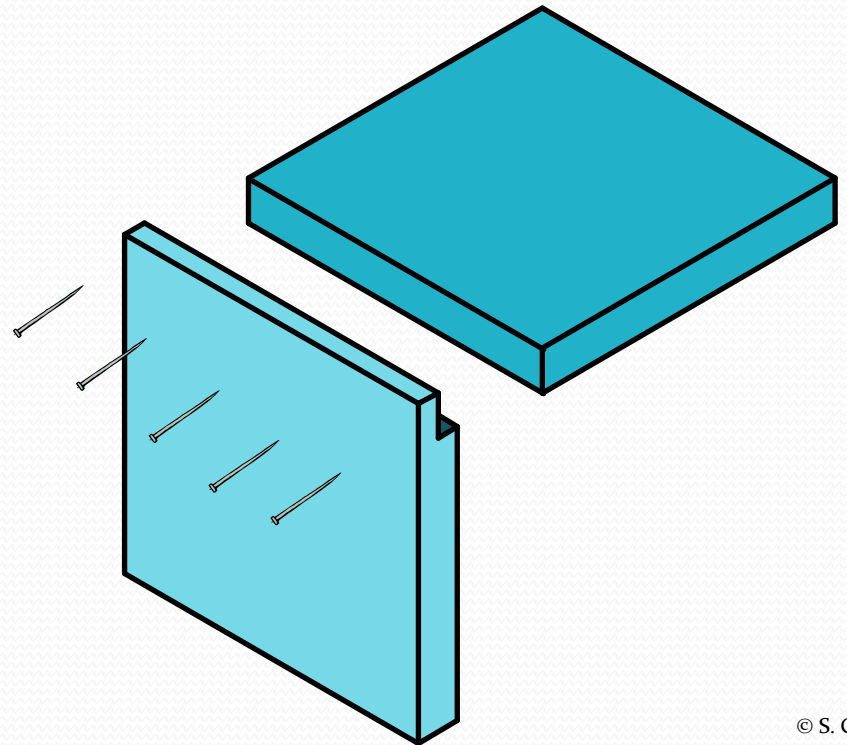
# Butt Joint

- This is a very simple joint to make
- Two pieces are glued together, and can be strengthened using nails or screws
- It is used in carcass construction



# Rebated Butt Joint

- This joint is stronger than a regular butt joint because there is more gluing area
- It can also be strengthened using nails or screws

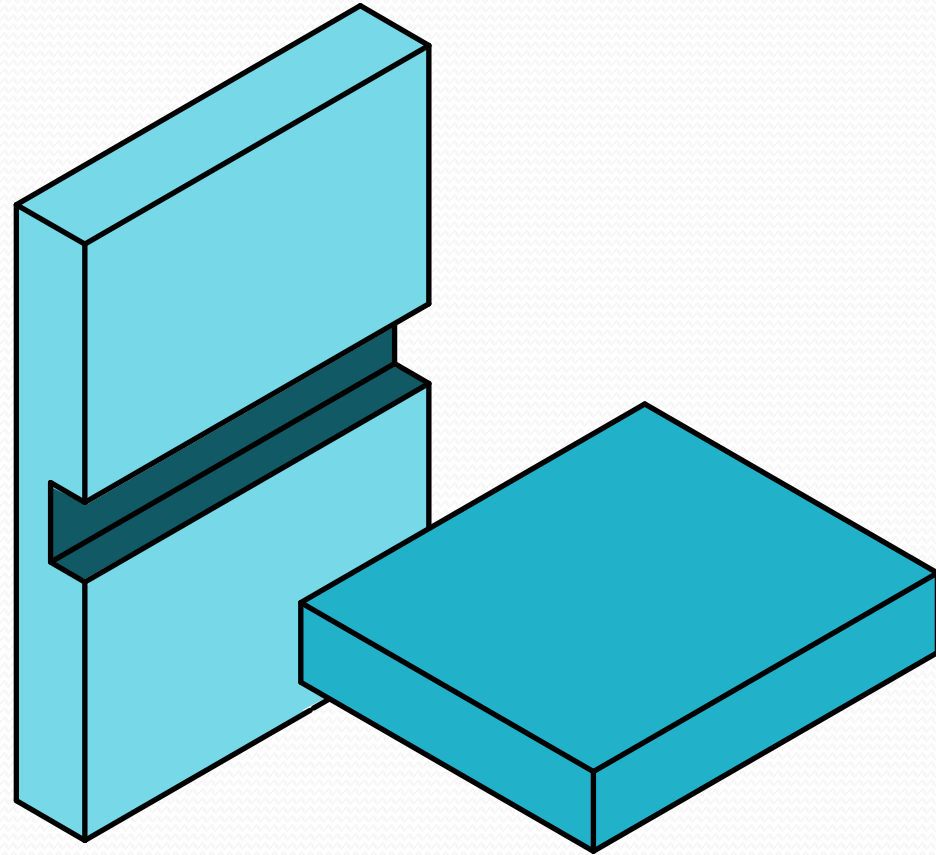




# Housing Joints

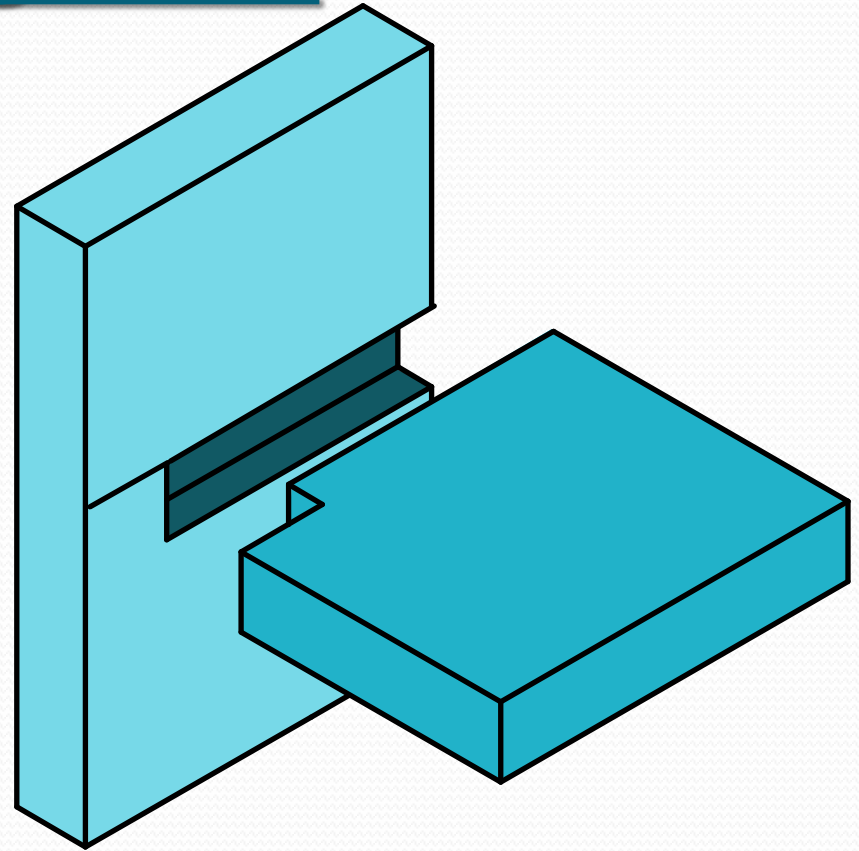
# Housing Joint

- This is a strong joint and it is used for shelves or for dividers
- It can be strengthened using panel pins and glue.



# Stopped Housing Joint

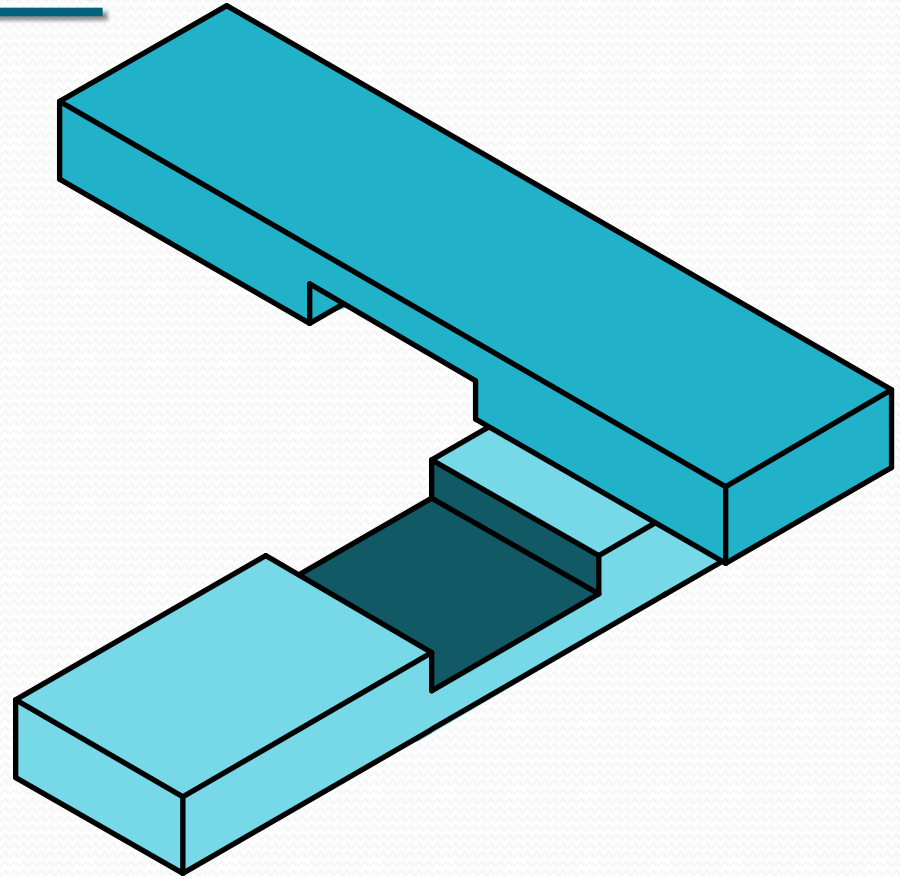
- This joint is also used for shelves or for dividers
- The only advantage of this method is that the joint is hidden
- It can also be strengthened using panel pins and glue.



# Halving Joints

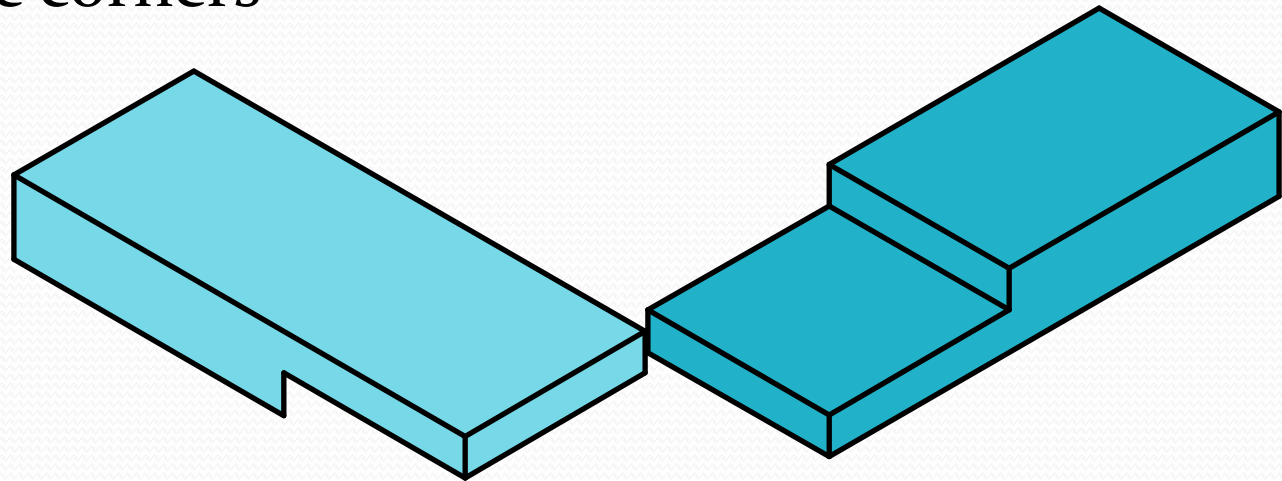
# Cross halving joint

- This is a simple joint to make
- However, it can be pulled apart easily
- It is used in frame construction



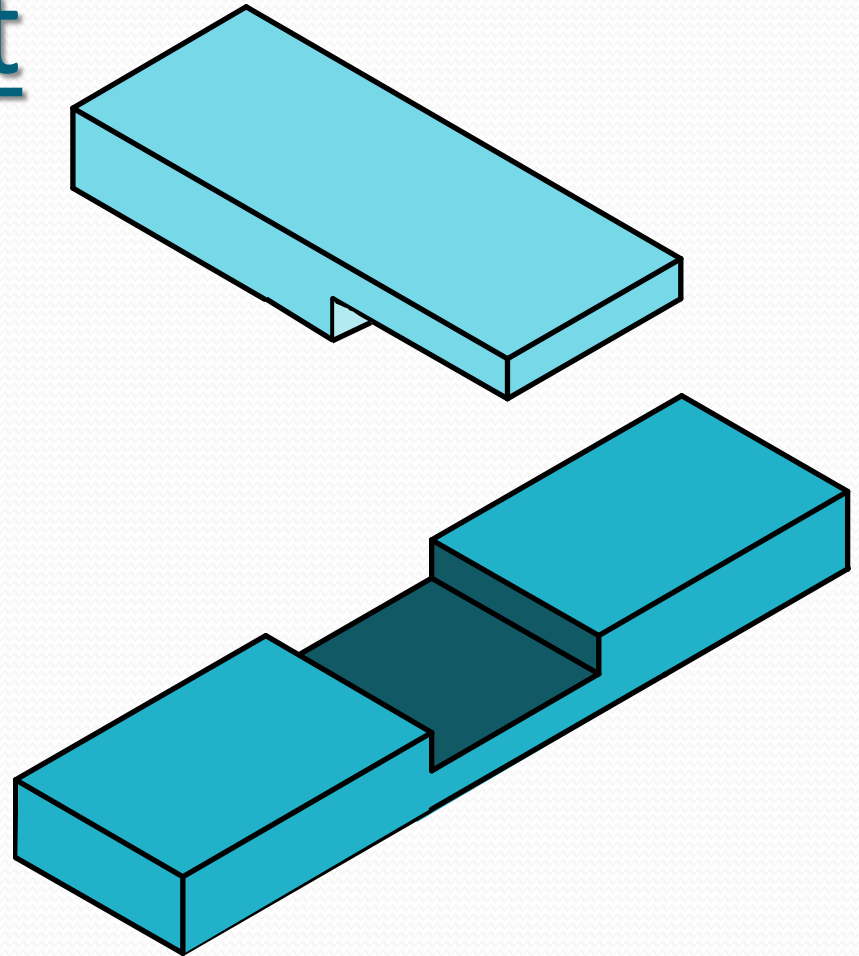
# Corner Halving Joint

- This is a simple joint to make
- However, it can be pulled apart easily
- It is used in the corners of frames



# Tee Halving Joint

- This is a simple joint to make
- However, it can be pulled apart easily
- It is used in frame construction

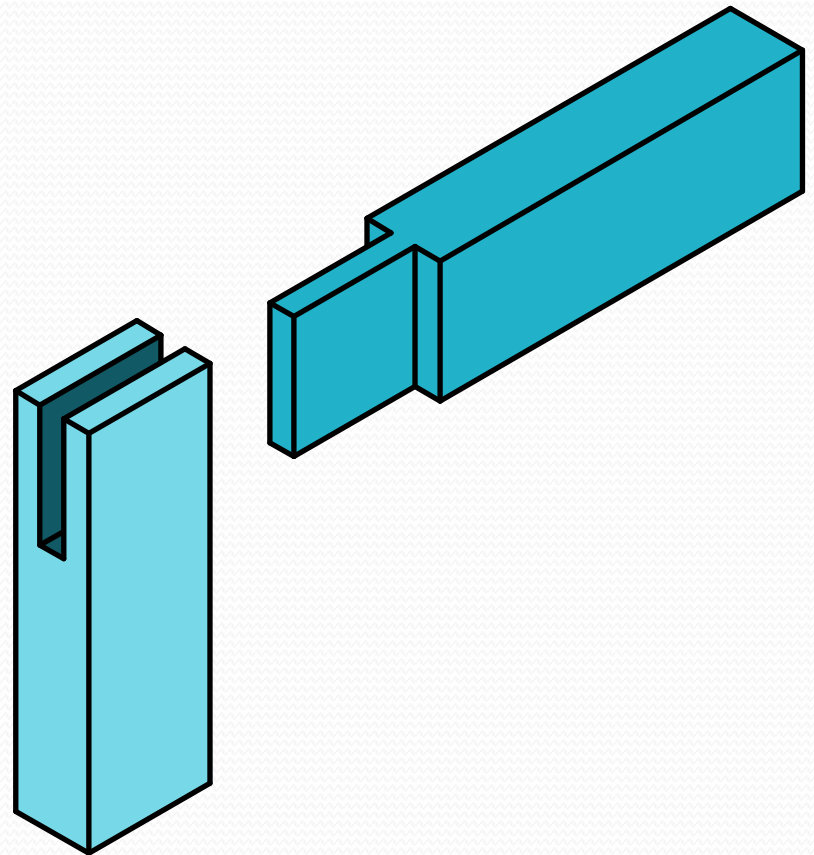


# Bridle Joints



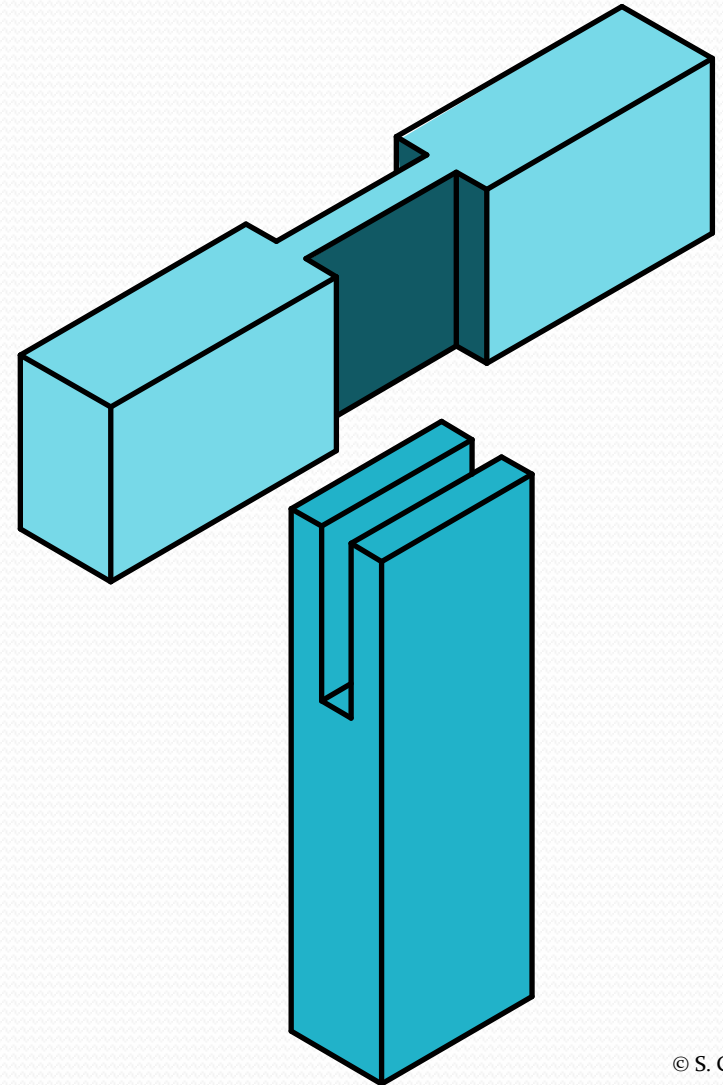
# Corner Bridle Joint

- This is a very strong joint
- It has a large glue area
- It is used in frame construction, particularly in tables and chairs



# Tee Bridle Joint

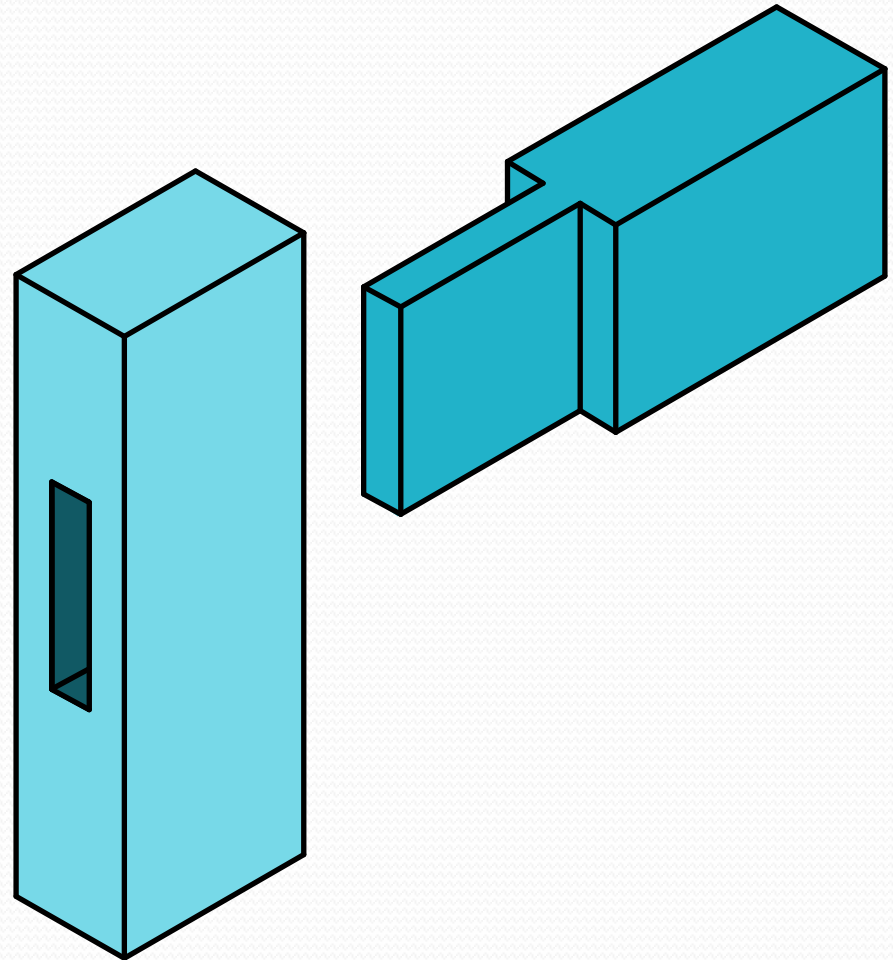
- This is a very strong joint
- It has a large glue area
- It is used in frame construction, particularly in tables and chairs



# Mortise and Tenon Joints

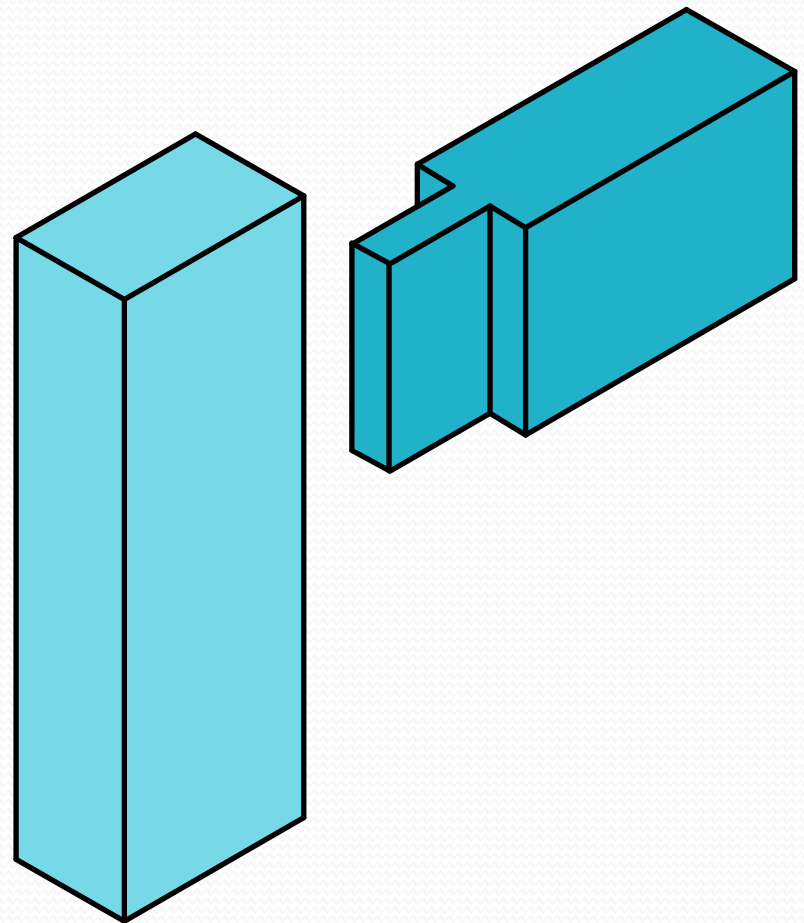
# Mortise and Tenon Joint

- This is a very strong joint
- It has a large glue area
- It is used in frame construction, particularly in tables and chairs
- The tenon, and the mortise are usually  $\frac{1}{3}$  the width of the timber



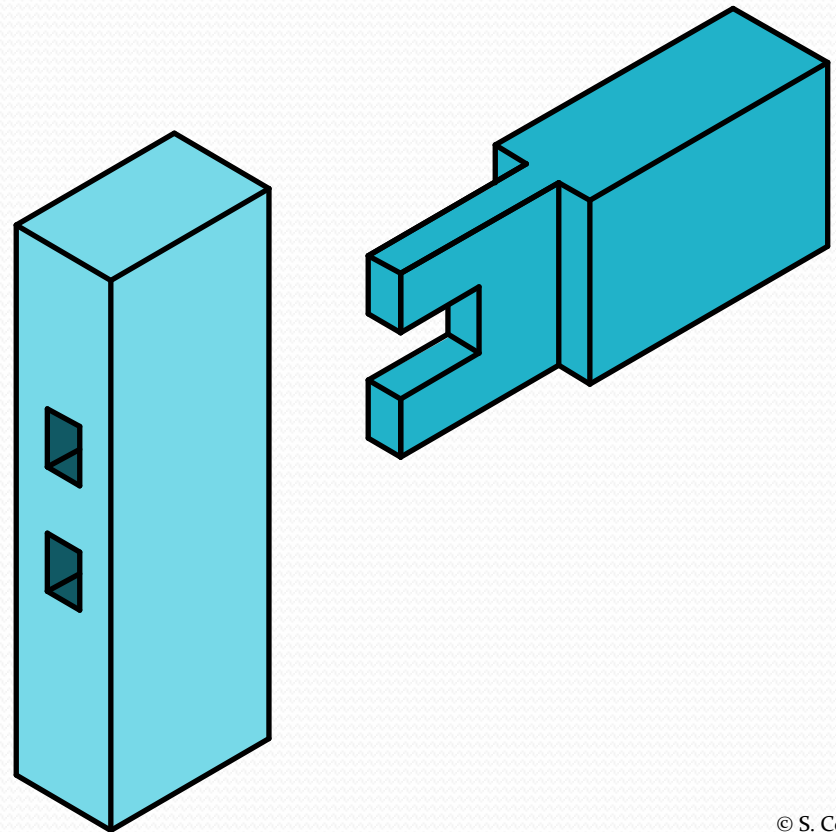
# Stopped Mortise and Tenon Joint

- This is a very strong joint
- It has a large glue area
- The advantage of this method is that the joint can be hidden
- It is used in frame construction, particularly in tables and chairs
- The tenon, and the mortise are usually  $\frac{1}{3}$  the width of the timber



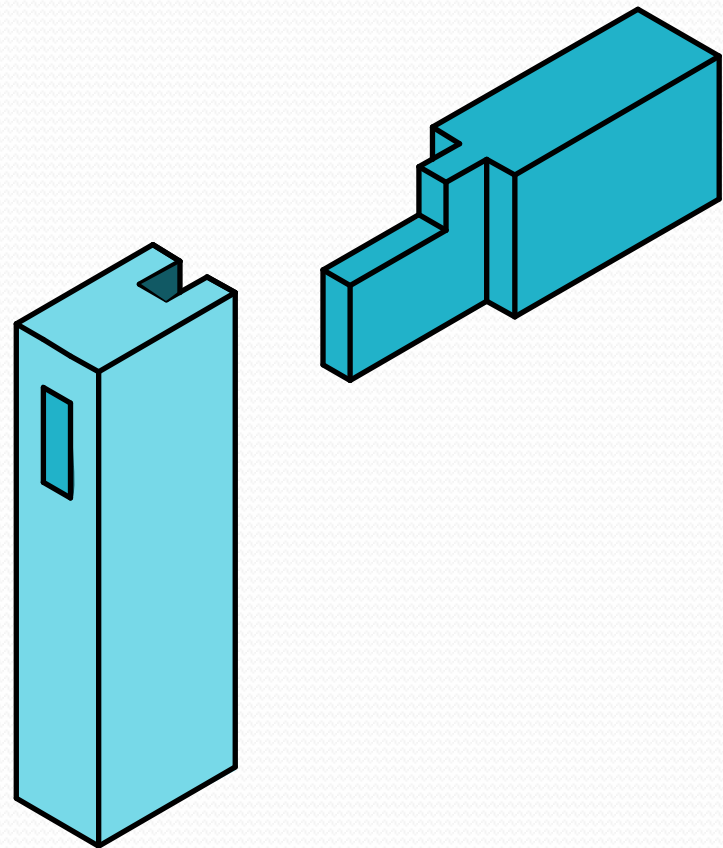
# Twin Mortise and Tenon Joint

- This is a very strong joint
- It has a large glue area
- This method is used for joining very large sections together (such as the sections of a door)
- It is used in frame construction, particularly in tables and chairs



# Haunched Mortise and Tenon Joint

- This is a very strong joint
- It has a large glue area
- This method is used for tables and chairs. The haunch increases the glue area and stops the two pieces twisting
- It is used in frame construction, particularly in tables and chairs
- The tenon, and the mortise are usually  $\frac{1}{3}$  the width of the timber

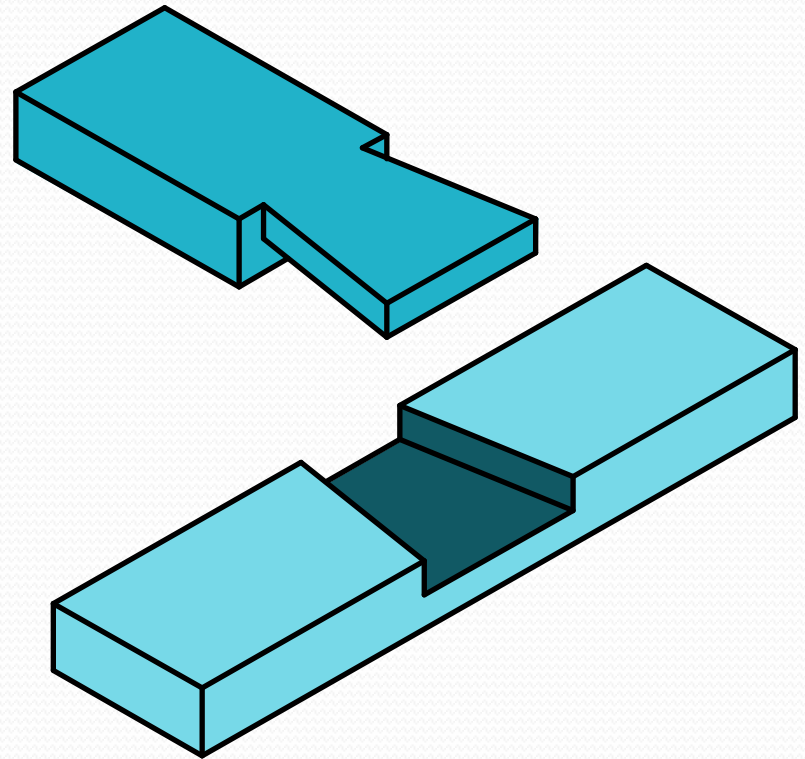


# Dovetail Joints



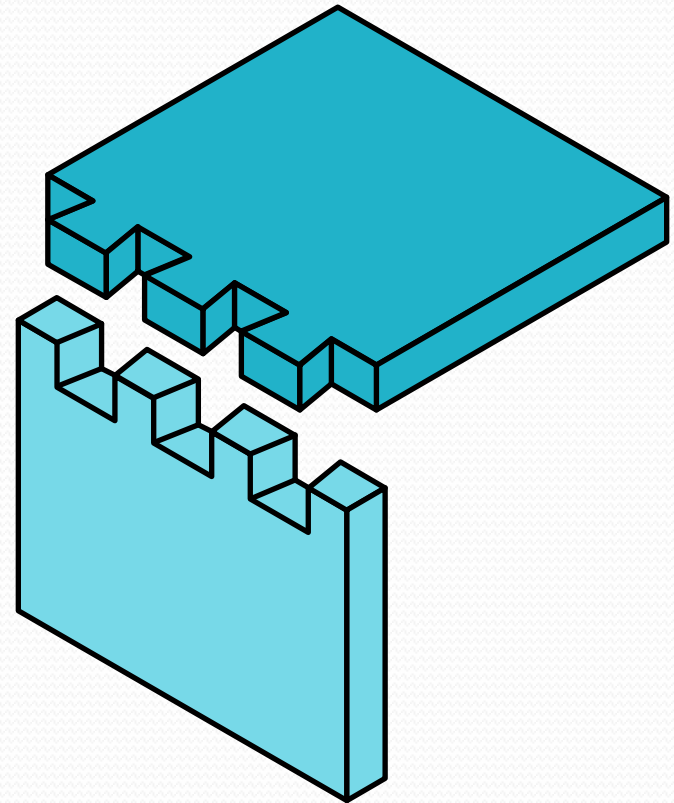
# Dovetail Halving

- The dovetail halving is a strong and decorative joint
- All dovetails are very strong in tension.
- The dovetail halving joint is used in frame construction



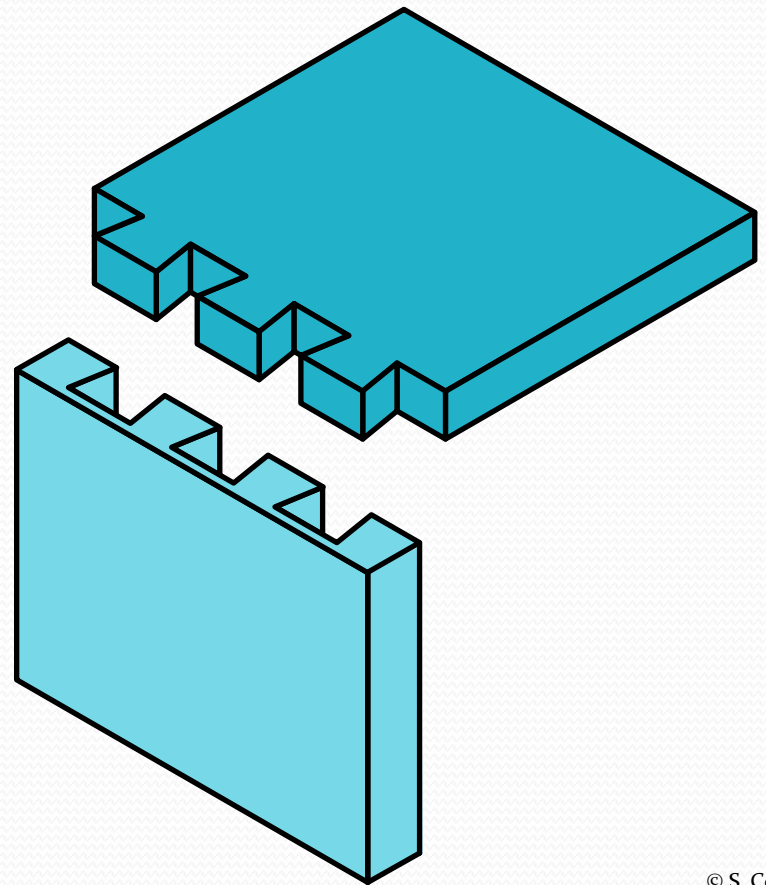
# Through Dovetail Joint

- The through dovetail is a very strong and decorative joint
- It can be challenging to make
- The dovetail is very strong in tension.
- The through dovetail joint is used in carcass construction



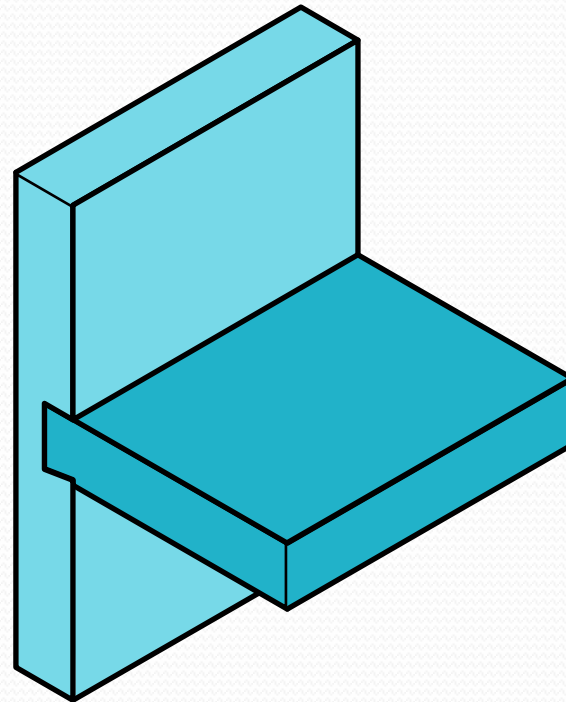
# Lapped Dovetail Joint

- The through dovetail is a very strong and decorative joint
- It can be challenging to make
- The dovetail is very strong in tension.
- The through dovetail joint is used in carcass construction



# Dovetail Housing Joint

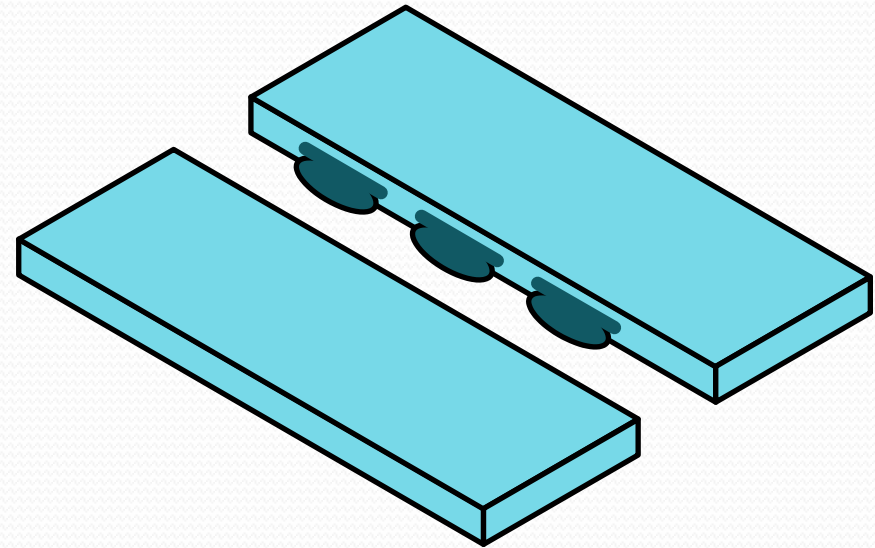
- The through dovetail is a very strong and decorative joint
- It can be challenging to make
- The dovetail is very strong in tension.
- The through dovetail joint is used in carcass construction as a shelf or as a divider



# Edge Joints

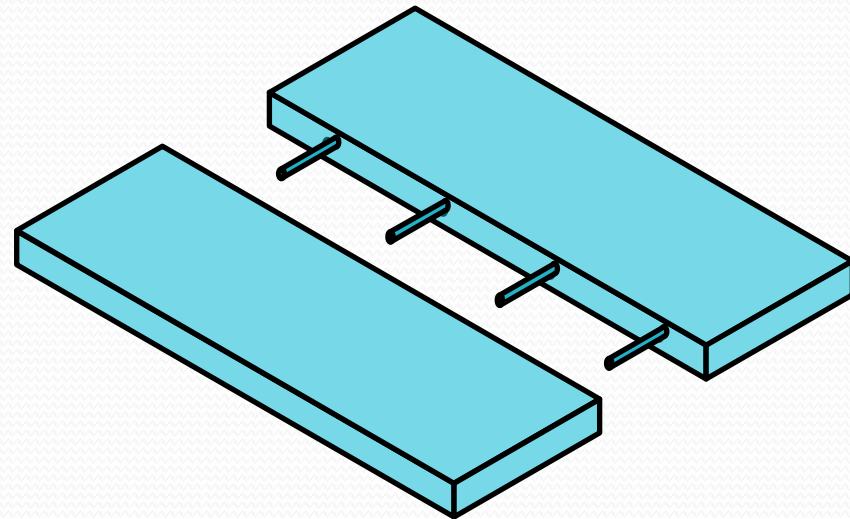
# Biscuit Joint

- This is a simple and effective method of joining two boards together to make a wider board
- Glue is placed in the holes and the biscuit is inserted
- The glue causes the biscuit to swell, adding strength to the joint.
- The pieces are held together in clamps until the glue dries



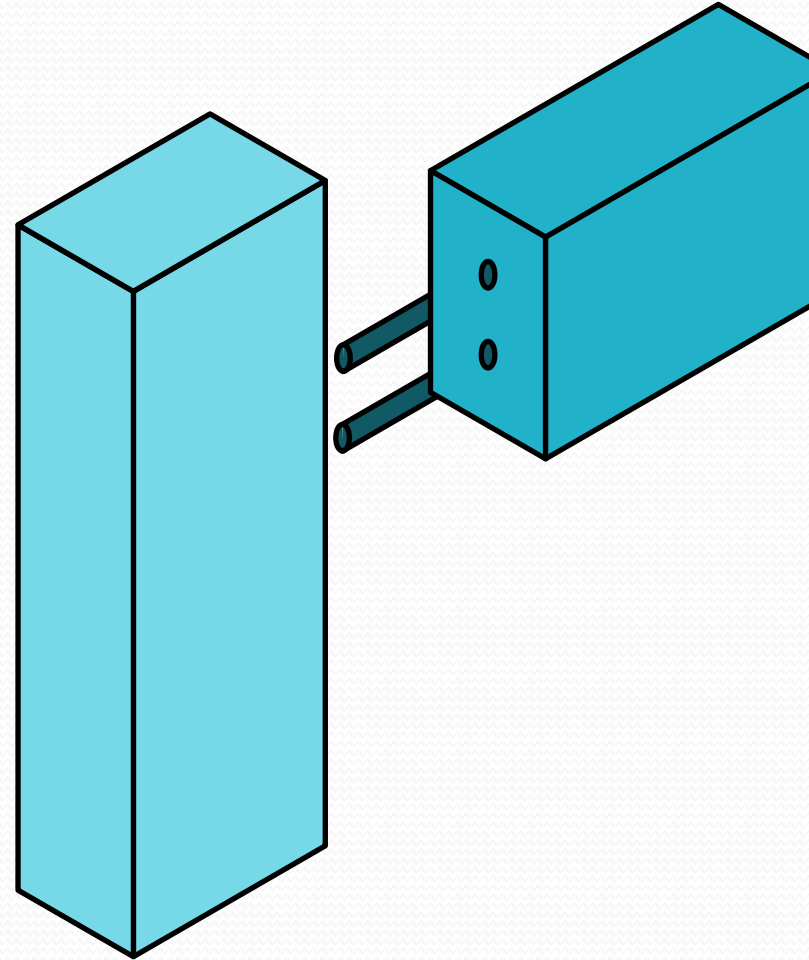
# Dowel Joint

- This is a simple and effective method of joining two boards together to make a wider board
- Glue is placed in the holes and the dowels are inserted
- The pieces are held together in clamps until the glue dries



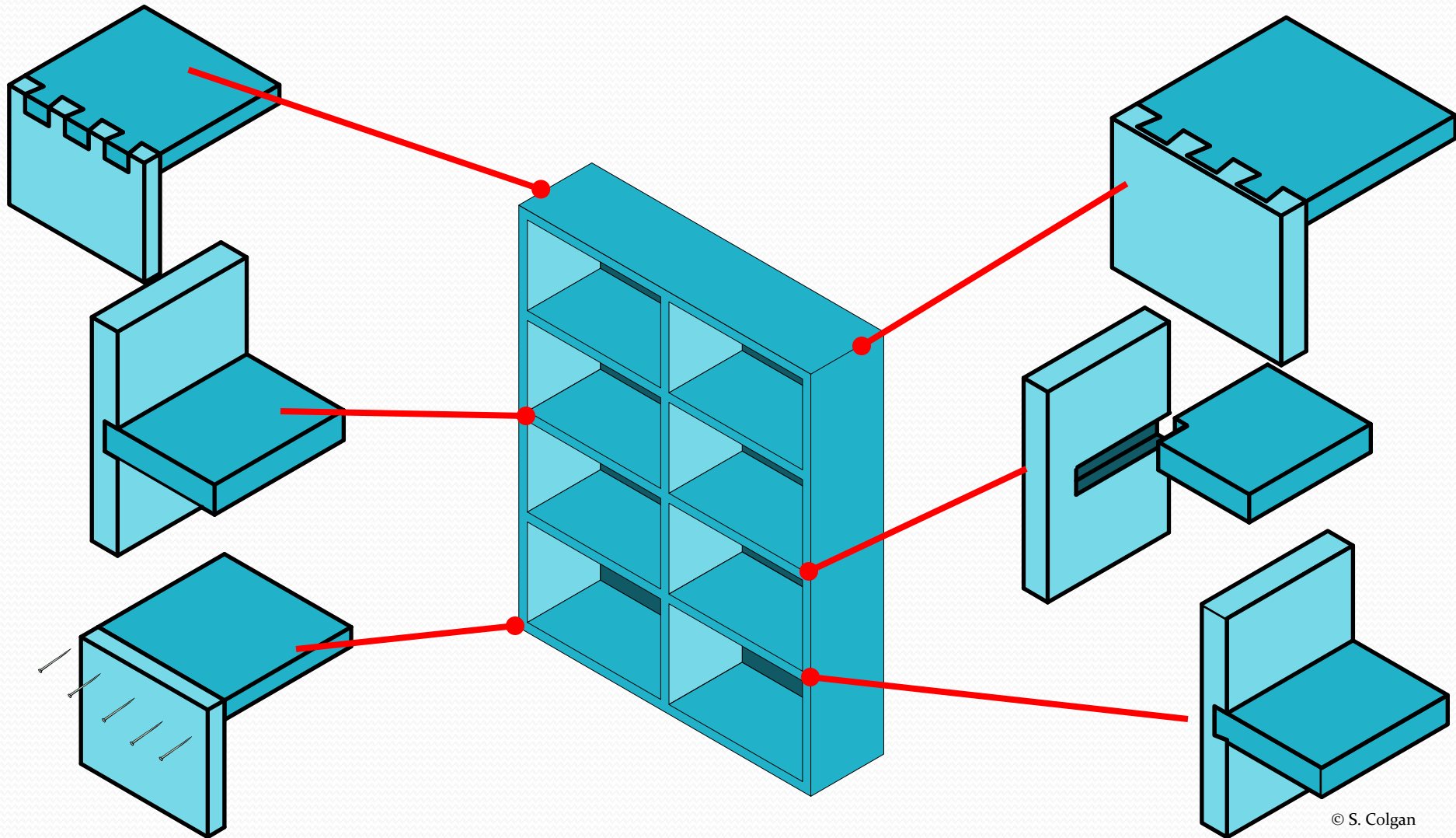
# Dowel Joint

- This is a simple and effective joint
- However the joint is not very strong in tension as it has a small glue area
- It is used in frame and carcass construction

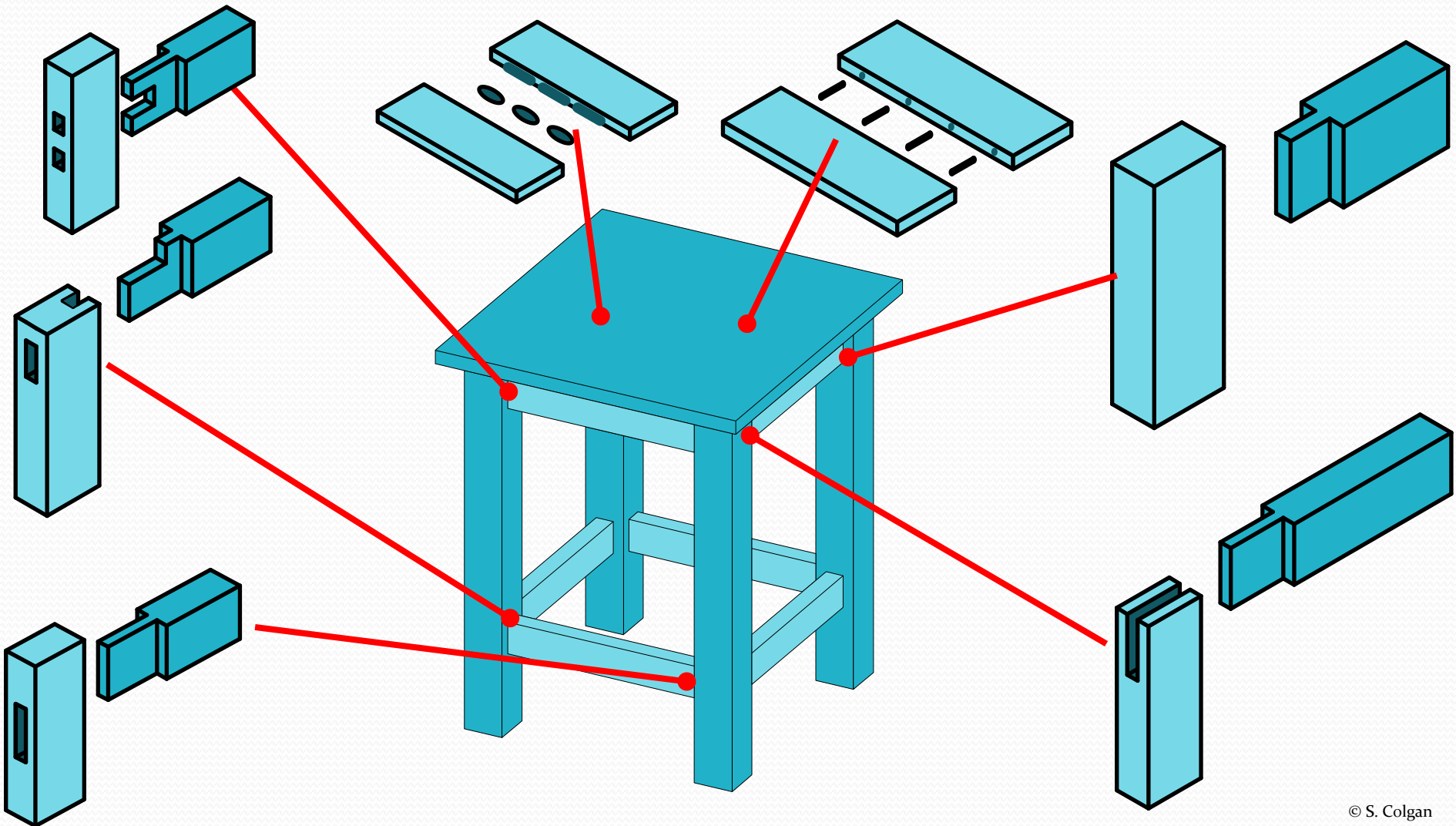




# Examples where joints are used



# Examples where joints are used



# Examples where joints are used

